Tuesday 8 February 2022

The Alumasc Group plc Interim results On track to deliver Full Year expectations

Alumasc (ALU.L) the sustainable building products, systems and solutions Group today announces results for the six months ended 31 December 2021.

Commenting on the interim results, Paul Hooper, Chief Executive of Alumasc said:

"The Alumasc Group reported a solid performance during the first half and is on track to deliver its expectations for the full year. Although there were some headwinds experienced due to Covid-19 driven contract delays and cost inflation across the industry during the period, the business performed well and has good momentum going into the second half.

Alumasc is at the forefront of providing high-quality, low carbon, sustainable products, systems and solutions, the majority of which manage the scarce resources of water and energy and improve quality of life for the owner/occupier in the built environment. Our commitment to sustainable business is evidenced by Timloc, our housebuilding products business, becoming the first building products manufacturer in the UK to be carbon neutral across its operations.

I am therefore delighted that Alumasc's green credentials have been recognised by the award of the London Stock Exchange Green Economy Mark in November 2021 and that we are well on the way to becoming a market leader in the provision of sustainable building products."

Half year to 31 December	2021	2020
Revenue (£m)	46.3	45.6
Underlying profit before tax (£m)	5.3	6.0
Underlying operating margin (%) ⁽¹⁾	11.9	13.6
Underlying earnings per share (pence)	11.8	13.4
EBITDA (£m) ⁽²⁾	6.8	7.4
Statutory profit before tax (£m)	5.1	5.5
Basic earnings per share (pence)	11.2	12.2
Dividends per share (pence)	3.35	3.25
Net bank debt at 31 December (£m)	4.1	0.2

Financial Overview: Solid underlying performance

A reconciliation of underlying to statutory profit is provided in note 4 to the interim financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Underlying operating margin: Underlying operating profit as a percentage of revenue.

- ⁽²⁾ EBITDA: Underlying operating profit before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.
 - Group revenues of £46.3m, were 1.6% (£0.7m) ahead of H1 FY21 (£45.6m, which benefited from some £2.5m of business delayed from FY20 by Covid-19). Excluding this, sales growth was 7.5%.
 - Export sales grew by 41% to £8.7 million and represented 19% of total Group revenue (H1 FY21: 13%).
 - The strength of our brand positioning and customer relationships allowed the successful pass-through of input cost inflation. As a result, gross margin was only slightly diluted at 34.6% (H1 FY21: 36.7%).
 - Underlying operating margin remained strong at 11.9% (H1 FY21: 13.6%), with statutory operating margin of 11.7% (H1 FY21: 12.9%), after absorbing the lower gross margin as well as the resumption of business development costs which had been curtailed by the Covid-19 restrictions. Structural cost savings of £3.1m p.a., achieved over the previous two years, remain.
 - The Group is selectively investing in opportunities to accelerate growth.
 - Underlying profit before tax was £5.3m (H1 FY21: £6.0m); with statutory profit before tax of £5.1m (H1 FY21: £5.5m).
 - Net bank debt at 31 December was £4.1m (31 December 2020: £0.2m net bank debt). During the period the Group repaid £0.8m of VAT and pension liabilities deferred from FY20 under the Group's Covid-19 cash conservation measures. In addition, the Group actively increased its stock holdings to maintain customer service and mitigate price increases, in response to the global supply chain challenges and raw material cost inflation.
 - The defined benefit pension scheme deficit was further reduced during the first half to £2.5m (30 June 2021: £4.6m), mainly as a result of deficit reduction payments and asset performance.
 - The Board plans to pay an interim dividend of 3.35p per share in April 2022. This represents an increase of 3.1% on the previous interim dividend, and reflects the encouraging first half performance and Board's confidence in the strength of the Group's strategy and its future prospects.

Divisional Overview

- Water Management Division made a record profit of £4.1m, 17.6% ahead of H1 FY21. Revenues were 18.9% ahead, with strong export and online sales growth. Operating margins remained in line with the prior period at 18%, driven by volume growth and cost savings.
 - The Building Envelope Division reported a reduced revenue and

delivered a profit of £0.9m (5% operating margin), £1.6m below H1 FY21. Alumasc Roofing performed well against a prior half year which included significant business delayed from FY20. Levolux's performance was affected by Covid-19 in its core UK and USA markets, resulting in delays in orders, and it reported a loss for H1 FY22 of £1.0m (H1 FY21: £0.2m profit). With its restructured cost base and improved capability, Levolux is well placed to recover as commercial market activity resumes.

Housebuilding Products Division grew its revenue by 6.4%, representing a very commendable performance given a challenging environment of inflationary pressures and supplyside constraints holding back site activity. Housebuilding Products continued to deliver the highest return on sales in the Group, with a 19% operating margin (H1 FY21: 22%).

Outlook

- Good momentum across the majority of the Group's businesses, and a growing pipeline of opportunities at Levolux.
- A strong balance sheet and cash position allows investment to accelerate future growth.
- The business is on track to deliver against its full year expectations and looks forward to the future with confidence.

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REVIEW OF INTERIM RESULTS

Chief Executive's Statement

The first half of the 2021/22 financial year saw strong sales momentum across most markets and the effective management of ongoing, industrywide, supply chain and inflationary pressures.

In our Annual Report and Accounts 2021 we indicated that we estimated

that circa £2.5m sales had been carried forward from the lockdown affected prior year, most of this helping to boost the prior year first half performance. Excluding this from the comparator, underlying sales growth in H1 FY22 was £3.2m (7.5%). Price rises and surcharges, necessary to pass through the sustained increase in cost prices, were responsible for £1.9m (4.4%) of this. The remaining 3.1% increase in revenue includes reduced volumes at Levolux; revenue growth in the other businesses was closer to 10%.

In particular, our Water Management Division had an excellent first half year, increasing its revenue by 19% (£3.6m) to £22.8m, a great effort and assisted by increased export sales and, in particular, the start of the shipments to Hong Kong's Chek Lap Kok Airport, illustrating the global reputation of our water management products. Our Roofing business did very well to almost fully offset the delayed revenues from lockdown and a significant contract which both benefited H1 FY21. In addition, our Housebuilding Products Division's revenue grew by 6% and was assisted once again by new product launches.

Group export sales grew by 41% to £8.7 million and represented 19% of total revenue (H1 FY21: 13%).

Levolux's performance was affected by Covid-19 (in the UK and USA) resulting in delays in orders. It reported a loss for H1 FY22 of £1.0m (H1 FY21: £0.2m profit). However Levolux, with its restructured cost base and improved capability, is well placed to recover as commercial market activity resumes. Enquiry levels are increasing and we anticipate an improved order intake in the second half.

Operational Review

Water Management

	H1 FY22	H1 FY21
Revenue	£22.8m	£19.2m
Underlying operating profit	£4.1m	£3.5m
Underlying operating margin	18.1%	18.3%
Operating profit	£4.1m	£3.5m

Alumasc Water Management Division delivered another strong and record performance in the first half year, significantly increasing underlying operating profit. The drivers of the 18% improvement in operating profit to £4.1 million (18.1% operating margin) were the continued control of operating costs while accompanied by a significant revenue increase of £3.6m (19%) which saw market share growth, particularly within the civil drainage and roofline markets.

Within this the E-Commerce business, Rainclear, returned another significant revenue increase, this time of 18%, following new product launches. Gatic Slotdrain performed very strongly in H1 FY22, and was successful in winning several new larger car parks work and new Amazon facilities, including one in Valencia, Spain. A Slotdrain project was completed for a highway in Costa Rica. Although activity was quiet at airports in the UK, the first shipments to Chek Lap Kok's Airport Runway 3 were made in the second quarter.

Alumasc Water Management Solutions performed very well, with successful market and sales initiatives benefiting in particular sales of its Alumasc Rainwater and Skyline brands.

Building Envelope

	H1 FY22	H1 FY21
Revenue	£17.8m	£21.1m
Underlying operating	£0.9m	£2.5m
profit		
Underlying operating	4.9%	12.0%
margin		
Operating profit	£0.8m	£2.4m

The Building Envelope Division had a reduced revenue in both parts of its division and produced a profit of £0.9m (5% operating margin), £1.6m below H1 FY21, largely reflecting the result at Levolux, discussed below.

The Roofing business performed ahead of internal expectations in both its newbuild and refurbishment markets, against a comparative that included a large one-off contract as well as significant sales delayed from the prior year. It has benefited significantly from the recruitment of high quality sales people who have improved sales in regions that had been weaker in the past. The Covid-19 impact also meant that there was more external work carried out on roofing than on internal refurbishment for Academies. The Roofing business continues to focus on high end specification offers supported by the highest standards, with a customer focused service level which delivers low carbon systems combined with safety in installation; all supported by long-term warranties. This has allowed the business to increase market share in its core sectors.

Covid-19 also played a part in slowing down newbuild commercial market projects, which particularly affected Levolux. This depressed the order intake in the first half to a position significantly lower than was anticipated, and led to a £1.0m loss at the half year, compared to a £0.2m profit in H1 FY21. However, levels of customer enquiries are increasing and the business is actively pursuing several significant opportunities. With its streamlined operating structure and improved capability, Levolux is well positioned to benefit as market activity resumes.

Specification sales opportunities are growing from the new integrated Building Envelope sales approach with an increasing number of combined project wins taking place.

Housebuilding Products

	H1 FY22	H1 FY21
Revenue	£5.7m	£5.3m

Underlying operating profit	£1.1m	£1.2m
Underlying operating	19.3%	22.2%
margin Operating profit	£1.1m	£1.1m

Timloc, our Housebuilding Products business, continued to perform well. Its industry leading next day delivery service and continued introduction of new products underpins this performance.

This Division, representing 12% of Group's revenues, grew its revenue by £0.4m (6.4%). This was a very commendable performance in a challenging environment in which housebuilding activity on sites was frequently interrupted by commodity product and labour shortages and inflationary pressures. Despite these, Housebuilding Products maintained its strong returns with a 19% (H1 FY21: 22%) operating margin. New product introductions, outstanding service and rigorous cost controls contributed significantly to this performance. The achievement of 100% On Time In Full ('OTIF') delivery performance was, once again, appreciated by its customers.

New products such as meter boxes, fire rated stop socks, non-combustible InvisiWeep, and the relaunch of the Cavity Closer range all had a positive impact on the business. Ongoing investment in new equipment with much improved energy efficiency, delivering excellent pay-backs, has made a significant contribution in the reduction of the Group's carbon footprint. Timloc became the first building products manufacturer in the UK to source all its energy from renewable sources. In addition, it has become the first building products manufacturer in the UK to become carbon neutral across its operations.

Strategic Overview

The significant improvement in the Group's performance across the last two years emanate from the execution of the Group's strategy which includes the stated objectives of:

Short-term:

- Continuing to simplify, streamline and reduce fixed costs across the Group.
- · Recovery of Levolux's financial performance.

Long-term:

- · Drive organic growth across the Group.
- · Continual efficiency improvements.
- · Geographical expansion within selected territories.
- New product development focused on environmental and sustainable solutions.
- · Bolt-on M&A to expand products and markets.
- Use of sustainable materials with recycled and fully recyclable materials.

We have managed to streamline the business and have removed £3.1m p.a. of structural costs in the last two years, with no reduction in capacity or capability. Of this, £2.5m of costs were removed from Levolux, to ensure the business' cost base is efficient and provides a good platform for profitable growth as the order book pipeline and future opportunities are executed.

The Group has continued to progress its long-term strategy to deliver profitable growth through leveraging its strong strategic positions in sustainable building products, and to outperform the UK construction market while continuing development of export markets. The Group's 2% revenue increase, including the 41% growth in export revenue, is testament to that.

Alumasc is also in a very strong position to benefit from the move towards sustainable construction and green buildings, both in terms of its own actions and through the development of its portfolio of products to manage energy consumption in buildings, to produce a greener built environment, and to manage the scarce resource of water. Many internal initiatives have also been taken to act in an environmentally sustainable manner, including the sourcing of electricity from renewable sources for 100% of the Group's supply. The Group's Net Zero planning is underway.

In recognition of its portfolio of environmental solutions and contribution to the global green economy, Alumasc was very pleased to be a recipient of the coveted London Stock Exchange Green Economy Mark in November 2021.

Financial Review

The Group's underlying tax rate was 19.4%, marginally below H1 FY21 (19.6%). Underlying earnings per share for the period were 11.8p, 11.9% lower than H1 FY21 (13.4p), reflecting the lower underlying profit before tax. Basic earnings per share were 11.2p (H1 FY21: 12.2p).

Cash flows and net debt

	H1 FY22 £m	H1 FY21 £m
EBITDA *	6.8	7.4
Change in working capital	(1.8)	0.9
Deferred VAT paid	(0.6)	(0.6)
Operating cash flow	4.4	7.7
Capital expenditure	(1.4)	(1.0)
Interest	(0.2)	(0.1)
Tax	(1.3)	0.4
Pension deficit funding	(1.3)	(1.3)
Lease payments	(0.4)	(0.4)
Dividend payments	(2.2)	(0.7)
Purchase of own shares	(0.4)	-
Sub total	(2.8)	4.6
Non-underlying payments	(0.3)	(0.4)

Net cash flow	(3.1)	4.2
Net bank debt at 31 December	4.1	0.2

* EBITDA: Underlying operating profit before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation The Group's operating cash inflow was £4.4m (H1 FY21: £7.7m), which included a £0.6m (H1 FY21: £0.6m) repayment to HMRC for VAT deferred during the initial Covid-19 lockdown. The cash outflow into working capital was £1.8m (H1 FY21: £0.9m inflow), including a £2.6m outflow into inventory, resulting from higher cost prices and increased stock holdings to maintain continuity of supply and secure pricing on committed orders; and a net inflow of £0.8m from other working capital lines. Average trade working capital as a percentage of sales for the half year was 15.5% (H1 FY21: 14.9%).

Capital expenditure was £1.4m (H1 FY21: £1.0m), representing 111% of depreciation (H1 FY21: 87%). Principal investments were made on capacity/capability upgrades (£0.4m), tooling for new products (£0.4m) and system upgrades (£0.2m).

Tax paid of £1.3m reflected higher payments on account in respect of FY21 and FY22. The prior half year included £0.4m of tax refunded from FY19.

The £1.3m (H1 FY21: £1.3m) of pension fund payments included the final £0.2m (H1 FY21: £0.2m) of payments deferred under the Group's Covid-19 cash conservation measures.

After the £2.2m (H1 FY21: £0.7m) payment of the prior year final dividend, $\pm 0.4m$ (H1 FY21: $\pm 0.7m$) of own share purchases to fulfil the vesting of employee share awards, and $\pm 0.6m$ (H1 FY21: $\pm 0.5m$) of lease and interest payments, net bank debt at December 2021 was $\pm 4.1m$ (December 2020: $\pm 0.2m$).

Pensions and net assets

The Group's pension deficit reduced further to £2.5m at December 2021 (June 2021: £4.6m, December 2020: £12.8m), as a result of the £1.3m of deficit repair payments, investment gains and the effect of higher bond yields, which offset an increase in the inflation rate assumption. The scheme's next triennial actuarial valuation is scheduled for 31 March 2022, and the Group expects to conclude ongoing funding discussions with the scheme trustees prior to publication of its full year results later this year.

Group net assets increased in the period by £2.2m to £38.3m, as a result of the profit retained after dividend payments and the further reduction in the pension deficit. Post tax return on investment (rolling twelve month underlying operating profit divided by capital invested) was 17.8% (December 2021: 13.9%, June 2021: 19.8%).

Interim Dividend

The Board has decided to declare an increased interim dividend of 3.35p per ordinary share, payable on 6 April 2022 to shareholders on the register on 25 February 2022.

The Board

A new Non-Executive Director, Karen McInerney, joined us at the start of the second half year. Karen, a Chartered Accountant, is currently the Group Financial Controller at Computacenter plc, a FTSE 250 company. Karen took on the chairmanship of the Audit Committee, which was relinquished by Vijay Thakrar on his appointment as Chairman of The Alumasc Group.

Vijay became Chairman following the retirement of John McCall in December 2021. John served as Chairman and Chief Executive on the buyout of Alumasc from Consolidated Goldfields in 1984, remaining as Chief Executive until 2003 and continued as Chairman until his retirement. The Group is indebted to John for his wise counsel across the many years. We also said goodbye to Jon Pither who retired having served for 29 years as a non-executive director. Once again, the Group is indebted to Jon's wise and sometimes iconoclastic counsel.

Outlook

The Group has entered the second half of the year with good momentum, and a growing pipeline of opportunities within Levolux that should come to fruition once activity resumes within the commercial market. Challenges are likely to remain around Covid-19 precautions, supply chain delays and input cost inflation, but we are confident in the resilience of our businesses. We believe our strong positions in sustainable building products will remain a key driver of future growth, and our strong balance sheet will allow us to continue to invest in opportunities to accelerate this.

Accordingly the Board confirms it remains on track to deliver full year results in line with its expectations.

Paul Hooper, Chief Executive 8 February 2022

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the half year to 31 December 2021

	Half year to 31 December 2021			Half year to 31 December 2020			30 June 2021	
		Non-underlyin	g		Non-underlyin	g		
	Underlying		Total	Underlying		Total	Total	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	

Year to

Revenue Cost of sales	5	46,269 (30,257)	-	46,269 (30,257)	45,551 (28,851)	-	45,551 (28,851)	90,465 (57,950)
Gross profit		16,012	-	16,012	16,700	-	16,700	32,515
Net operating expenses Net operating expenses before non underlying items IAS 19 past service pension cost Other non-underlying items Net operating expenses	4 4	(10,489) - - (10,489)	- - (119) (119)	(10,489) - (119) (10,608)	(10,497) - - (10,497)	- (150) (178) (328)	(10,497) (150) (178) (10,825)	(21,511) (150) (296) (21,957)
Operating profit	4, 5	5,523	(119)	5,404	6,203	(328)	5,875	10,558
Finance expenses Profit before taxation	6	(265) 5,258	(67) (186)	(332) 5,072	(251) 5,952	(134) (462)	(385) 5,490	(757) 9,801
Tax expense	7	(1,020)	(34)	(1,054)	(1,167)	33	(1,134)	(2,215)
Profit for the period		4,238	(220)	4,018	4,785	(429)	4,356	7,586
Other comprehensive income:								
Items that will not be recycled t profit or loss: Actuarial gain on defined benefit pensions, net of tax Items that are or may be	0			821			4,373	10,393
recycled subsequently to profit or loss: Effective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of ta Exchange differences on retranslation of foreign operations				83 10 93			(300) (41) (341)	(385) (46) (431)
Other comprehensive gain for the period, net of tax				914			4,032	9,962
Total comprehensive profit for the period, net of tax				4,932			8,388	17,548
Earnings per share:				Pence			Pence	Pence
Basic earnings per share	10			11.2			12.2	21.2
Diluted earnings per share	10			11.0			12.1	20.8
Alternative Performance Measures:								
Underlying earnings per share (pence)	10			11.8			13.4	23.7

Full reco0nciliations of underlying to statutory profits and earnings per share are provided in notes 4 and 10 respectively.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION at 31 December 2021

	Notes	31 December 2021 (Unaudited) £'000	31 December 2020 (Unaudited) £'000	30 June 2021 (Audited) £'000
Assets Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment - owned				
assets		12,368	11,210	11,734

Property, plant and equipment - right of use assets		5,081	5,474	5,469
Goodwill		18,705	18,705	18,705
Other intangible assets		3,152	3,389	3,321
Deferred tax assets		630	2,441	1,145
		39,936	41,219	40,374
Current assets				
Inventories		13,488	9,779	10,871
Trade and other receivables		14,369	14,987	18,617
Contract assets		2,526	2,416	2,772
Cash at bank	11	2,878	19,759	4,999
		33,261	46,941	37,259
Total assets		73,197	88,160	77,633
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	11	(6,963)	(19,935)	(5,936)
Lease liability		(4,475)	(4,914)	(4,811)
Employee benefits payable		(2,520)	(12,847)	(4,581)
Provisions		(1,251)	(1,028)	(1,267)
Deferred tax liabilities		(1,010)	(1,203)	(966)
		(16,219)	(39,927)	(17,561)
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables		(16,289)	(17,194)	(20,266)
Contract liabilities		(160)	(662)	(745)
Lease liability		(1,145)	(670)	(795)
Provisions		(471)	(1,172)	(834)
Corporation tax payable		(419)	(758)	(1,019)
Derivative financial liabilities		(165)	(163)	(268)
		(18,649)	(20,619)	(23,927)
Total liabilities		(34,868)	(60,546)	(41,488)
Net assets		38,329	27,614	36,145
Equity				
Called up share capital		4,517	4,517	4,517
Share premium		445	445	445
Capital reserve - own shares		(435)	(416)	(406)
Hedging reserve		(134)	(132)	(217)
Foreign currency reserve		65	60	55
Profit and loss account reserve		33,871	23,140	31,751
Total equity		38,329	27,614	36,145

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the half year to 31 December 2021

	Half year to	Half year to	Year to
	31	31	
	December	December	30 June
	2021	2020	2021
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000

Operating profit Adjustments for:		5,404	5,875	10,558
Depreciation		1,166	1,056	2,146
Amortisation		174	157	361
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and		17	3	(16)
equipment IAS 19 past service pension cost		17	5 150	(16) 150
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(2,617)	(1,183)	(2,275)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		4,494	(1,133)	(5,119)
(Decease)/increase in trade and other payables		(4,278)	2,516	5,287
Movement in provisions		(379)	(176)	(275)
Cash contributions to retirement benefit schemes		(1,307)	(1,307)	(2,614)
Share based payments		50	100	397
Cash generated by operating activities		2,724	6,058	8,600
Tax (paid)/received		(1,320)	409	(161)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,404	6,467	8,439
Investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,361)	(804)	(1,666)
Payments to acquire intangible fixed assets		(5)	(194)	(330)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment			41	46
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(1,366)	(957)	(1,950)
Financing activities				
Bank interest paid		(141)	(141)	(207)
Equity dividends paid		(2,233)	(715)	(1,878)
Draw down/(repayment) of amounts borrowed		1,000	-	(14,000)
Principal paid on lease liabilities		(352)	(340)	(692)
Interest paid on lease liabilities		(83)	(90)	(178)
Purchase of own shares		(430)	-	-
Exercise of share based payments Refinancing costs		70 -	-	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities		- (2,169)	- (1,286)	(65) (17,020)
		(2,103)	(1,200)	(17,020)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash at bank and bank overdrafts		(2,131)	4,224	(10,531)
Net cash at bank and bank overdraft brought			45 550	
forward Net (decrease)/increase in cash at bank and bank		4,999	15,576	15,576
overdraft		(2,131)	4,224	(10,531)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		10	(41)	(46)
Net cash at bank and bank overdraft carried forward	11	2,878	19,759	4,999

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the half year to 31 December 2021

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Capital reserve - own shares £'000	Hedging reserve £'000	Foreign currency reserve £'000	Profit and loss account reserve £'000	Total £'000
At 1 July 2021	4,517	445	(406)	(217)	55	31,751	36,145
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	4,018	4,018
Exchange differences on retranslation of foreign							10
operations	-	-	-	-	10	-	
Net gain on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	103	-	-	103
Tax on derivative financial liability	-	-	-	(20)	-	-	(20)
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	50	50
Actuarial gain on defined benefit pension schemes, ne	et						616
of tax	-	-	-	-	-	616	
Own shares used to satisfy exercise of share awards	-	-	402	-	-	-	402
Acquisition of own shares	-	-	(431)	-	-	-	(431)
Exercise of share based incentives	-	-	-	-	-	(331)	(331)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(2,233)	(2,233)
At 31 December 2021	4,517	445	(435)	(134)	65	33,871	38,329

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Capital reserve - own shares £'000	Hedging reserve £'000	Foreign currency reserve £'000	Profit and loss account reserve £'000	Total £'000
At 1 July 2020	4,517	445	(416)	168	101	15,026	19,841
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	4,356	4,356
Exchange differences on retranslation of foreign							(41)
operations	-	-	-	-	(41)	-	
Net loss on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	(370)	-	-	(370)
Tax on derivative financial liability	-	-	-	70	-	-	70
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	100	100
Actuarial gain on defined benefit pension schemes, n	et						4,373
of tax	-	-	-	-	-	4,373	
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(715)	(715)
At 31 December 2020	4,517	445	(416)	(132)	60	23,140	27,614

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the half year to 31 December 2020

1. Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of The Alumasc Group plc and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 that are effective at 31 December 2021.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the accounting policies set out in the statutory accounts for the financial year to 30 June 2021 and in accordance with AIM Rule 18, and the same accounting policies will be adopted in the 2022 annual financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 30 June 2021 are available on request from the Company's registered office at Burton Latimer, Kettering, Northants, NN15 5JP or on the website www.alumasc.co.uk.

The comparative figures for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 are not the Company's statutory accounts for that financial year but have been extracted from those accounts. Those accounts have been reported on by the Company's auditors and delivered to the registrar of companies. The report of the auditors was (i) unqualified, (ii) did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying their report, and (iii) did not contain a statement under section 498 (2) or (3) of the Companies Act 2006.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the half year ended 31 December 2021 are not statutory accounts and have been neither audited nor reviewed by the Group's auditors. They do not contain all of the information required for full financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 30 June 2021. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 8 February 2022.

The Group performed ahead of the Base Case trading scenario modelled as part of the 30 June 2021 year end Going Concern review, and also compared to the stress testing performed in relation to additional National lockdowns. On the basis of the Group's financing facilities and current financial plans and sensitivity analyses, the Board is satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for twelve months from the date of signing this report and accordingly continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

2. Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Except as described below, in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 30 June 2021, namely the valuation of defined benefit pension obligations, the valuation of the Group's acquired goodwill and the recognition of revenue and profit on contracts with customers where revenue is recognised over time.

During the six months ended 31 December 2021, management reassessed and updated its estimates in respect of retirement benefit obligations based on market data available at 31 December 2021. The resulting impact was a £0.8 million pre-tax actuarial gain, calculated using IAS 19 conventions, recognised in the six month period to 31 December 2021.

3. Risks and uncertainties

A summary of the Group's principal risks and uncertainties was provided on pages 46 to 49 of Alumasc's Report and Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Board considers these risks and uncertainties remain relevant to the current financial year.

Specific risks and uncertainties relating to the Group's performance in the second half year are:

- Continued global economic uncertainty surrounding the Covid-19 pandemic;
- The impact of disruption to our customers' operations from shortages of building materials, labour and road haulage, and

delays in the global container shipping industry;

- Prolonged period of bad weather impacting the Group's construction markets; and
- Potential impact of the current geopolitical uncertainty globally.

4. Underlying to statutory profit reconciliation

<u>Profit before tax</u>	Half year to 31 December 2021 £'000	Half year to 31 Decembe 2020 £'000	r Year to 30 June 2021 £'000
Underlying profit before tax	5,258	5,952	10,515
Brand amortisation IAS 19 net pension scheme finance costs IAS 19 past service cost in respect of GMP equalisation Restructuring & relocation costs	(119) (67) - -	(119) (134) (150) (59)	(238) (268) (150) (58)
Statutory profit before tax	5,072	5,490	9,801

<u>Operating profit</u>	Half year to 31 December 2021 £'000	Half year to 31 December 2020 £'000	r Year to 30 June 2021 £'000
Underlying operating profit	5,523	6,203	11,004
Brand amortisation IAS 19 past service cost in respect of GMP equalisation Restructuring & relocation costs	(119) - -	(119) (150) (59)	(238) (150) (58)
Statutory operating profit	5,404	5,875	10,558

In the presentation of underlying profits, management treats the amortisation of acquired brands and IAS 19 pension costs consistently as non-underlying items because they are material non-cash and non-trading items that typically would be excluded in assessing the value of the business.

In addition, management presented the following items as non-underlying in the prior period, as they are non-recurring items that are judged to be significant enough to affect the understanding of the underlying trading performance of the business:

- One-off costs of material restructuring and relocation of separate businesses within the Group in 2020/21;
- One-off IAS 19 past service pension cost relating to Guaranteed Minimum Pension ("GMP") equalisation between men and women, following a High Court decision on 20 November 2020; and
- One-off deferred tax rate change adjustment charge of £319k relating to the increase in main rate of UK corporation tax from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023.

5. Segmental analysis

In accordance with IFRS 8 Operating Segments, the segmental analysis below follows the Group's internal management reporting structure.

<u>Revenue</u>	Half year to 31 December 2021 £'000		to ber Year to 30 June 2021 £'000
Water Management Building Envelope Housebuilding Products	22,783 17,817 5,669	19,160 21,064 5,327	38,370 41,022 11,073
Group Revenue	46,269	45,551	90,465
	Half year t	o Half year i	to

naii year to naii year to				
31	31 Decembe	er Year to 30		
December	2020	June		
2021		2021		
£'000	£'000	£'000		
4 118	3 501	6,115		
•	,	4.255		
	,	2,552		
•	, -	(1,918)		
()	(_,)	(_,,		
5,523	6,203	11,004		
(119)	(328)	(446)		
(113)	(020)	(110)		
5,404	5,875	10,558		
	31 December 2021 £'000 4,118 881 1,096 (572) 5,523 (119)	31 31 December December 2020 2021 £'000 4,118 3,501 881 2,519 1,096 1,184 (572) (1,001) 5,523 6,203 (119) (328)		

6. Finance expenses

0. Finance	expenses			
		Half year		
		to	Half year to	Year to
		31	31	
		December	December	30 June
		2021	2020	2021
		£'000	£'000	£'000
Finance costs	- Bank overdrafts	19	8	24
	- Revolving credit facility	163	153	287
	- Interest on lease liabilities	83	90	178
		265	251	489
	- IAS 19 net pension scheme finance			
costs		67	134	268
		332	385	757

7. Tax expense

7. Tax expense	Half year to 31 December 2021 £'000	Half year to 31 December 2020 £'000	Year to 30 June 2021 £'000
Current tax: UK corporation tax Overseas tax Amounts under provided in previous years Total current tax	671 54 - 725	652 29 - 681	1,443 46 23 1,512
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of temporary differences Amounts under/(over) provided in previous years Rate change adjustment Total deferred tax	329 - - 329	450 3 - 453	405 (21) 319 703

Total tax expense	1,054	1,134	2,215
Deferred tax recognised in other comprehensive income: Actuarial gains on pension schemes Cash flow hedges Tax charged to other comprehensive income	205 20 225	1,026 (70) 956	2,099 (90) 2,009
Total tax charge in the statement of comprehensive income	1,279	2,090	4,224

8. Dividends

The Directors have approved an interim dividend per share of 3.35 pence (2020/21: 3.25 pence) which will be paid on 6 April 2022 to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 25 February 2022. The cash cost of the dividend is expected to be £1,202,000. In accordance with accounting requirements, as the dividend was approved after the statement of financial position date, it has not been accrued in the interim consolidated financial statements. A final dividend per share of 6.25 pence in respect of the 2020/21 financial year was paid at a cash cost of £2,233,000 during the six months to 31 December 2021.

9. Share Based Payments

During the period the Group awarded 160,000 options (2020/21: 170,000) under the Executive Share Option Scheme ("ESOS"). These options have an exercise price of 226 pence and require certain criteria to be fulfilled before vesting. 78,810 existing options were exercised during the period (2020/21: none) and 41,190 existing options lapsed (2020/21: 120,000).

Total awards granted under the Group's Long Term Incentive Plans ("LTIP") amounted to 214,020 (2020/21: 265,760). LTIP awards have no exercise price but are dependent on certain vesting criteria being met. 228,511 existing LTIP awards were exercised during the period (2020/21: none) and 109,713 existing LTIP awards lapsed (2020/21: 257,688).

10. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, after allowing for the exercise of outstanding share options. The following sets out the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations:

	Half year to 31 December 2021 £'000	Half year to 31 December 2020 £'000	Year to 30 June 2021 £'000
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	4,018	4,356	7,586

	000s	000s	000s
Basic weighted average number of shares Dilutive potential ordinary shares - employee share	35,821	35,764	35,766
options Diluted weighted average number of shares	549 36,370	169 35,933	637 36,403
	Half year to 31 December 2021 Pence	Half year to 31 December 2020 Pence	Year to 30 June 2021 Pence
Basic earnings per share	11.2	12.2	21.2
Diluted earnings per share	11.0	12.1	20.8

Calculation of underlying earnings per share:

	Half year to 31 December 2021 £'000	Half year to 31 December 2020 £'000	Year to 30 June 2021 £'000
Reported profit before taxation	5,072	5,490	9,801
Brand amortisation	119	119	238
IAS 19 net pension scheme finance costs	67	134	268
Pension GMP equalisation	-	150	150
Restructuring & relocation costs	-	59	58
Underlying profit before taxation Tax at underlying Group tax rate of 19.4%	5,258	5,952	10,515
(2020/21 first half year: 19.6%; full year: 19.5%)	(1,020)	(1,167)	(2,050)
Underlying earnings	4,238	4,785	8,465
Weighted average number of shares Underlying earnings per share	35,821 11.8p	35,764 13.4p	35,766 23.7p

11. Movement in borrowings

		Cash at bank /bank Bank loansNet bank overdrafts cash/(debt)			Lease Total liabilities borrowings		
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
At 1 July 2021 Cash flow movemer Non-cash movemen Effect of foreign exe	ts	4,999 (2,131) - 10	(5,936) (1,000) (27) -	(937) (3,131) (27) 10	(5,606) 352 (366) -	(6,543) (2,779) (393) 10	
At 31 December 2	2021	2,878	(6,963)	(4,085)	(5,620)	(9,705)	

	Cash at bank /banl overdrafts £'000	k Bank loan £'000	sNet bank cash/(debt) £'000	Lease liabilities £'000	Total borrowings £'000
At 1 July 2020 Cash flow movements Non-cash movements Effect of foreign exchange rates	15,576 4,224 - (41)	(19,909) - (26) -	(4,333) 4,224 (26) (41)	(5,924) 340 -	(10,257) 4,564 (26) (41)
At 31 December 2020	19,759	(19,935)	(176)	(5,584)	(5,760)

12. Related party disclosure

The Group has a related party relationship with its Directors and with its UK pension schemes. There has been no material change in the nature of the related party transactions described in note 29 of Alumasc's Report and Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Responsibility Statement

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, the condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Alternative Investment Market ("AIM") Rule 18.

On behalf of the Board

Paul Hooper Dray Chief Executive

Simon

Group Finance Director

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